1. Does my child need a physical to attend PreKindergarten?

Yes, your child will need a current physical. The physical form must be submitted before entry into the pre-kindergarten program and be no older than 12 months before the first day of entry. The Virginia School Physical Form can be obtained from your child's school, your doctor's office, or at https://www.vdh.virginia.gov/content/uploads/sites/58/2021/01/MCH213G_School_Entrance_Fillable-Form.pdf

2. Will my child need another physical to go to Kindergarten?

Yes, your child will need another physical to attend Kindergarten if the physical is older than 12 months before the first day of entry into Kindergarten.

3. What immunizations will my child need?

Your child will need written proof of immunizations appropriate to their age at the time of school entry. These immunizations include age- appropriate doses of DPT, Polio, MMR, Hepatitis A, Hepatitis B, HIB, Pneumococcal (PCV) and Varicella vaccines. If your child turns 4 after the first day of school, remaining shots must be completed within 15 calendar days. A current listing of immunization requirements may be viewed at

<u>https://www.vdh.virginia.gov/content/uploads/sites/11/2021/03/Min_Requirements.pdf</u>. The Hampton Health Department can provide immunizations required for school entry free of charge.

4. What if my child has special health needs?

Communication between the school nurse and parents is extremely important in order to provide the safest environment possible. If your child has a chronic disease, life-threatening allergy, or other medical concerns, contact the school nurse before the first day of school and keep open communication throughout the school year. For some conditions, it will be necessary to work with the school nurse to develop a plan of care for your child and to have appropriate medication available at school.

5. What if my child needs to take medication during school hours?

All medication, either prescription or over-the-counter, must have a medication order form signed by your child's physician. All medication must be brought to school by the parent or legal guardian in a container that is appropriately labeled by the pharmacy or physician. No cough drops are permitted in school.

6. When should I keep my child at home?

Children who come to school sick are not productive learners and are often miserable all day, as well as possibly exposing others to contagious disease. Please observe the following guidelines: **Colds:** Consider keeping your child at home if he/she is experiencing discomfort from cold symptoms, such as nasal congestion and cough. A continuous green discharge from the nose may be a sign of infection. Consider having the child seen by your health care provider.

Conjunctivitis (**pink-eye**): Following a diagnosis of conjunctivitis, the child may return to school 24 hours **after** the first dose of prescribed medication.

Diarrhea/Vomiting: A child with diarrhea and /or vomiting should stay at home and return to school only after being symptom-free for 48 hours.

Fever: The child should remain at home with a fever greater than 100.4. The child can return to school after he/she has been fever free for 48 hours (without use of fever-reducing medicine such as Tylenol or Motrin).

Rashes: Common infectious diseases with rashes are most contagious in the early stages. A child with a suspicious rash should return to school only after a health care provider has made a diagnosis and authorized the child's return to school.

What Every Parent Needs to Know About Health Requirements for Pre-Kindergarten Programs Through Hampton City Schools

Strep Throat: In cases of suspected or diagnosed strep throat, the child should be kept out of school until the diagnosis is made and/or treatment has been under way for at least 24 hours.

Chicken Pox: A child with chicken pox must be kept out of school for at least 5 days from the appearance of blisters. All pox MUST be crusted over and dry before returning to school.

(Just a reminder to all parents that regular hand washing is one of the best ways to slow or stop the spread of germs in your family. Please encourage your child to follow good hand washing techniques.)

7. What should I do if my child has head lice?

A child with head lice must receive adequate treatment and all nits (eggs) removed from hair before returning to school. Your school nurse can give you information regarding the treatment of head lice.

If you have any other questions regarding the Health Requirements for Pre-Kindergarten Program Entry, please contact your School Nurse.

